

Application 2283: Heating and/or Chilled Water Cooling, ASHRAE Cycle III

Overview

In Application 2283, the Unit Vent Controller – 0-10V Output controls a unit ventilator equipped with a chilled water coil for cooling, and/or a heating coil, which may be hot water, steam, or electric, for ASHRAE Cycle III. A face-bypass damper can be controlled, replacing both the modulating (0-10V) heating and cooling actuators. If a face-bypass damper is used, 2-position valves on the coils may be controlled. Heating only and cooling only units can also be controlled with this application by overriding HEAT.COOL (Point 5).

Other features available in this application include morning warm-up/cool-down, night mode override, free-cooling, and auxiliary radiation in heating mode.

NOTE: The use of a low temperature detection thermostat (LTDT) is strongly recommended for hot water and steam systems.

This application controls room temperature by directly modulating the coil control devices. This application also controls an outdoor air damper according to the schedule as defined by ASHRAE Cycle III, to maintain a given mixed air temperature setpoint. The free-cooling/economizer function is turned on and off by the field panel using FREE CLG (Point 23). If free cooling is not available, the outdoor air damper will be kept at minimum position; otherwise, the outdoor air damper will modulate to maintain the mixed air temperature setpoint. The unit ventilator fan is also controlled in this application.

Illustrations

Table 2283-1 lists control drawings, control schedules, and wiring diagrams that can be used in this application. Use the table to find the illustrations for your particular hardware configuration.

Table 2283-1. Application 2283 Illustration Cross Reference Table.

Hardware Configuration	Control Drawing	Control Schedule	Wiring Diagram
Chilled water coil, valve control	Figure 2283-1, except: 1. No heating coil, heating valve actuator, or auxiliary radiation.	Figure 2283-6, except: 1. No heating mode.	Figure 2283-9, except: 1. No heating valve actuator or auxiliary radiation.
Chilled water coil, face-bypass damper control	Figure 2283-3, except: 1. No heating coil, heating valve actuator, or auxiliary radiation.	Figure 2283-8, except: 1. No heating mode.	Figure 2283-11, except: 1. No 2-position heating valve actuator or auxiliary radiation.
Hot water coil, valve control	Figure 2283-4, except: 1. LTDT recommended.	Figure 2283-6, except: 1. No cooling mode.	Figure 2283-9, except: 1. No cooling valve actuator. 2. LTDT recommended.
Hot water coil, face-bypass damper control	Figure 2283-3, except: 1. No cooling coil or cooling valve actuator. 2. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.	Figure 2283-8, except: 1. No cooling mode.	Figure 2283-11, except: 1. No 2-position cooling valve actuator.
Steam coil, valve control	Figure 2283-4, except: 1. Read <u>steam coil</u> instead of heating coil. 2. LTDT recommended.	Figure 2283-6, except: 1. No cooling mode.	Figure 2283-9, except: 1. No cooling valve actuator. 2. LTDT recommended.
Steam coil, face-bypass damper control	Figure 2283-3, except: 1. No cooling coil or cooling valve actuator. 2. Read <u>steam coil</u> instead of heating coil. 3. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.	Figure 2283-8, except: 1. No cooling mode.	Figure 2283-11, except: 1. No 2-position cooling valve actuator.
Electric coil only	Figure 2283-2, except: 1. No cooling coil or cooling valve actuator. 2. No LTDT.	Figure 2283-7, except: 1. No cooling mode.	Figure 2283-10, except: 1. No cooling valve actuator. 2. No LTDT.

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Table 2283-1. Application 2283 Illustration Cross Reference Table.

Hardware Configuration	Control Drawing	Control Schedule	Wiring Diagram
2-pipe, hot water/chilled water coil, valve control	Figure 2283-1, except: 1. No heating coil or heating valve actuator. 2. Read <u>heating/cooling coil</u> instead of cooling coil. 3. Read <u>heating/cooling valve actuator</u> instead of cooling valve actuator. Terminate heating/cooling valve actuator at AO2. 4. LTDT recommended.	Figure 2283-6, except: 1. Read <u>coil valve</u> instead of HW/STM valve and CHW valve.	Figure 2283-9, except: 1. No heating valve actuator. 2. Read <u>heating/cooling valve actuator</u> instead of cooling valve actuator. Terminate heating/cooling valve actuator at AO2. 3. LTDT recommended.
2-pipe, hot water/chilled water coil, face-bypass damper control	Figure 2283-5, except: 1. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.	Figure 2283-8	Figure 2283-12, except: 1. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.
4-pipe, hot water and chilled water coils, valve control	Figure 2283-1, except: 1. LTDT recommended.	Figure 2283-6	Figure 2283-9, except: 1. LTDT recommended.
4-pipe, hot water and chilled water coils, face-bypass damper control	Figure 2283-3, except: 1. 2-position valves required if automatic heat/cool switchover is required. 2. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.	Figure 2283-5	Figure 2283-11, except: 1. 2-position valves required if automatic heat/cool switchover is required. 2. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.
4-pipe, steam and chilled water coils, valve control	Figure 2283-1, except: 1. Read <u>steam coil</u> instead of heating coil. 2. LTDT recommended.	Figure 2283-6	Figure 2283-9, except: 1. LTDT recommended.
4-pipe, steam and chilled water coils, face-bypass damper control	Figure 2283-3, except: 1. Read <u>steam coil</u> instead of heating coil. 2. 2-position valves required if automatic heat/cool switchover is required. 3. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.	Figure 2283-8	Figure 2283-11, except: 1. 2-position valves required if automatic heat/cool switchover is required. 2. LTDT recommended if 2-position valve is used.
Electric coil, step control, and chilled water coil, valve control	Figure 2283-2	Figure 2283-7	Figure 2283-10

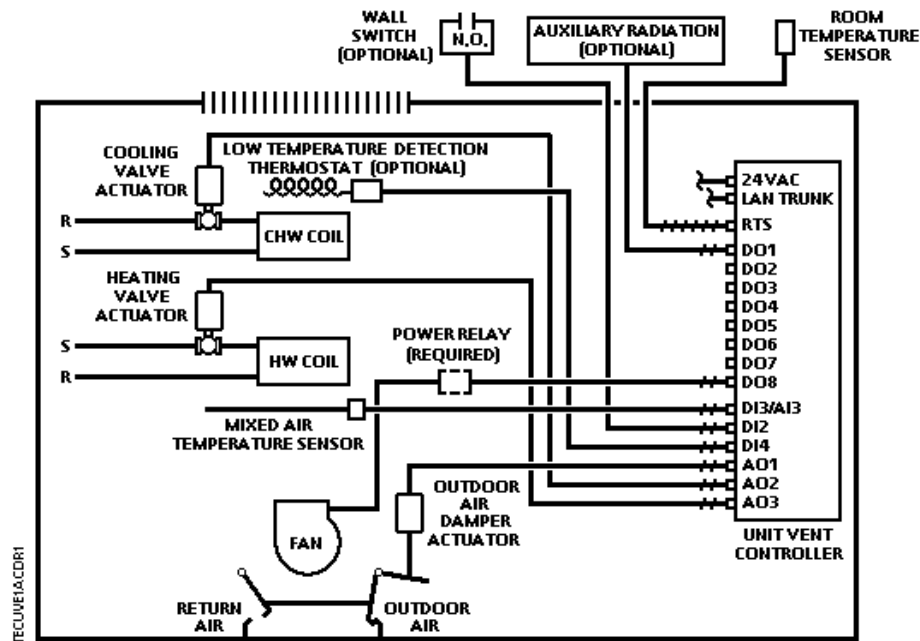


Figure 2283-1. Application 2283 Control Drawing.

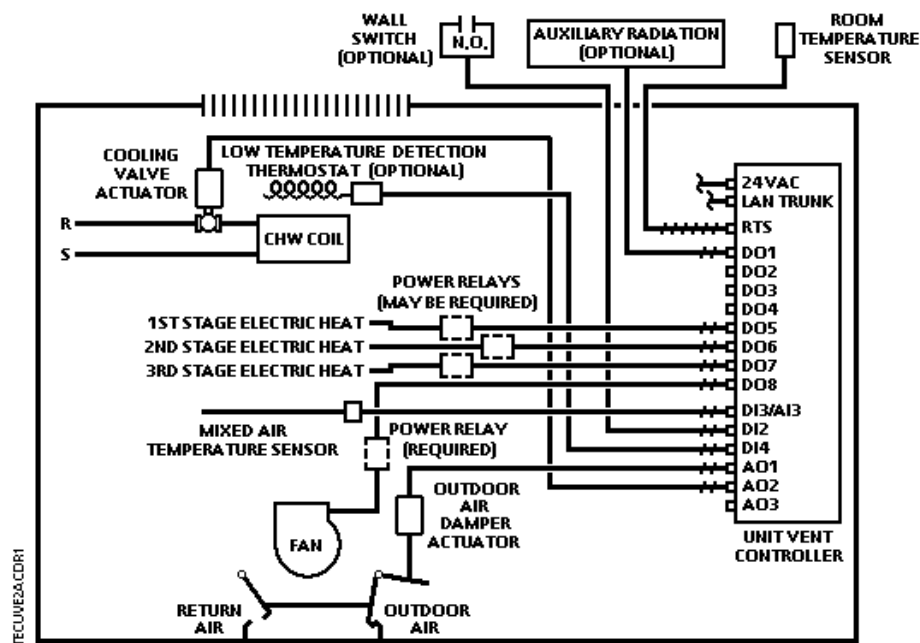


Figure 2283-2. Application 2283 Control Drawing.

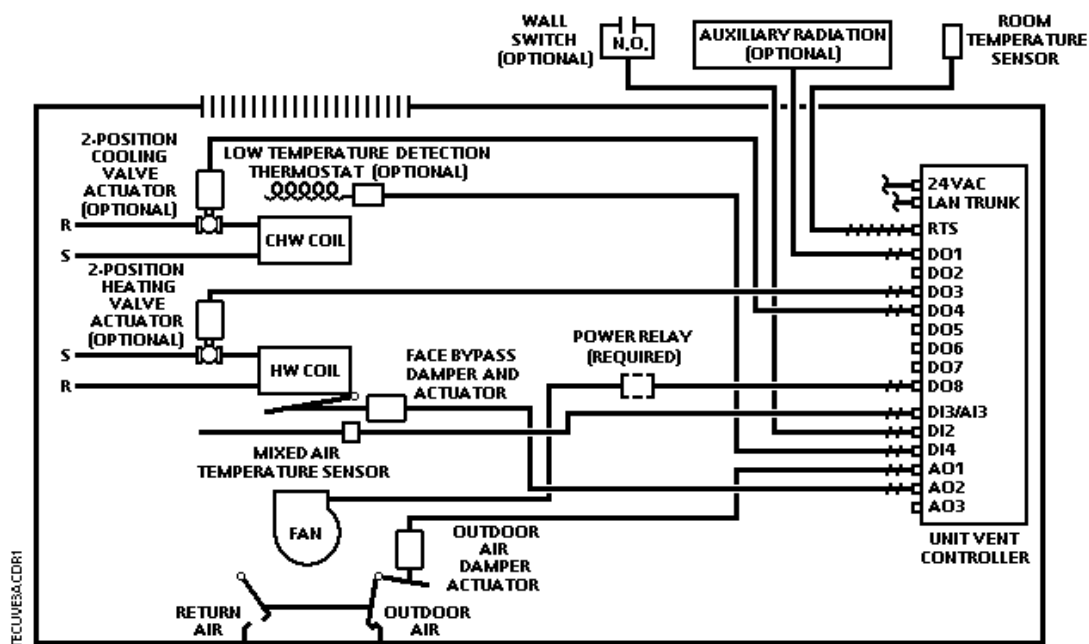


Figure 2283-3. Application 2283 Control Drawing.

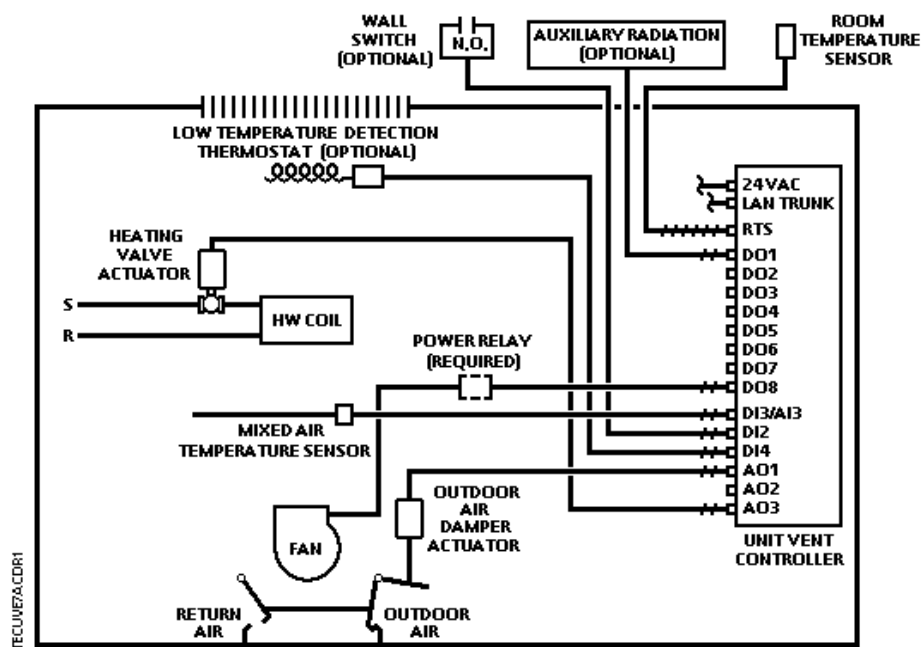


Figure 2283-4. Application 2283 Control Drawing.

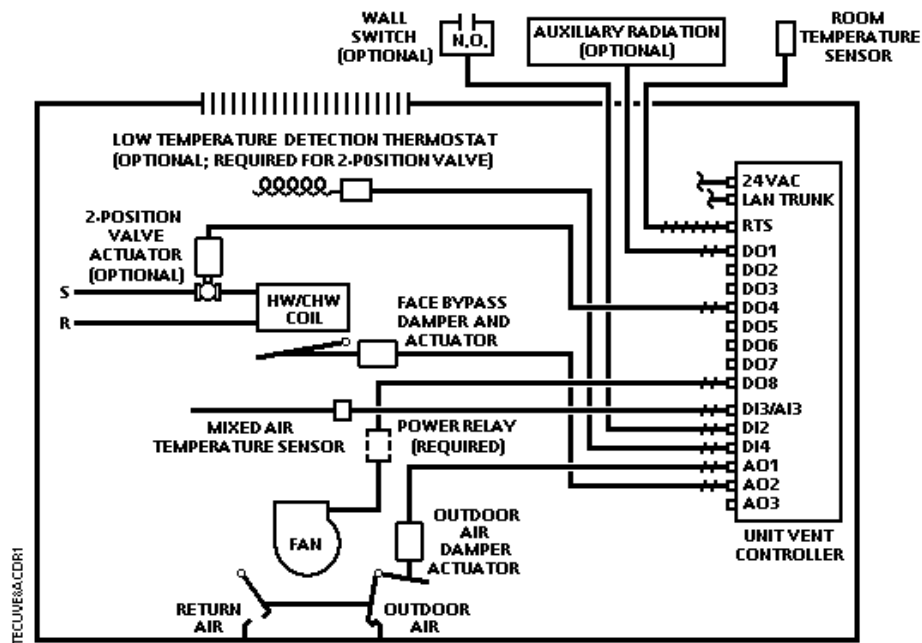


Figure 2283-5. Application 2283 Control Drawing.

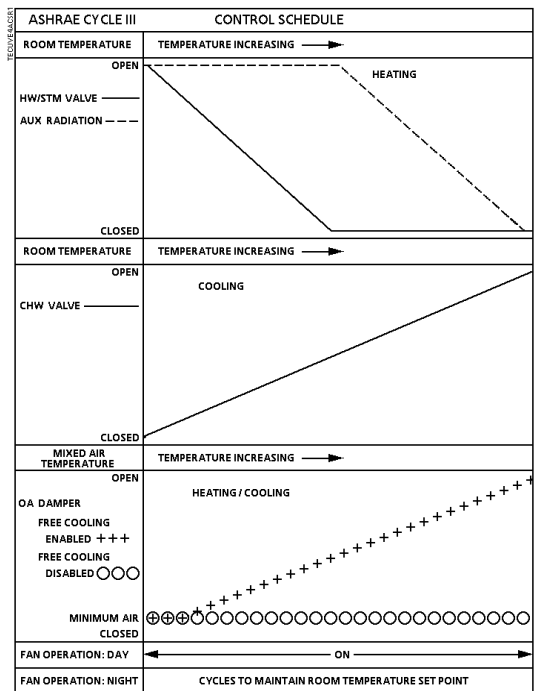


Figure 2283-6. Application 2283 Control Schedule.

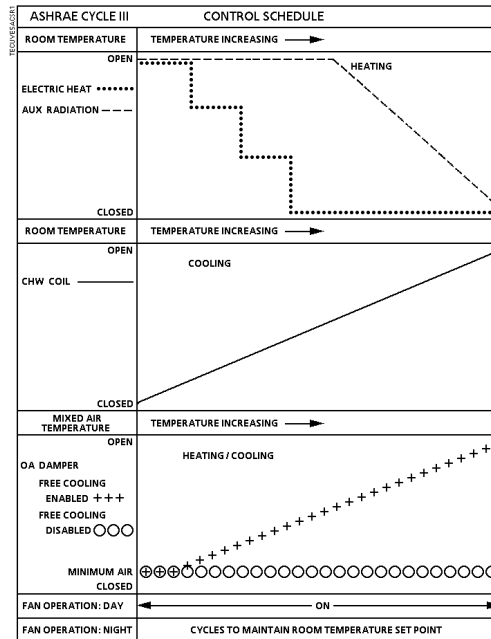


Figure 2283-7. Application 2283 Control Schedule.

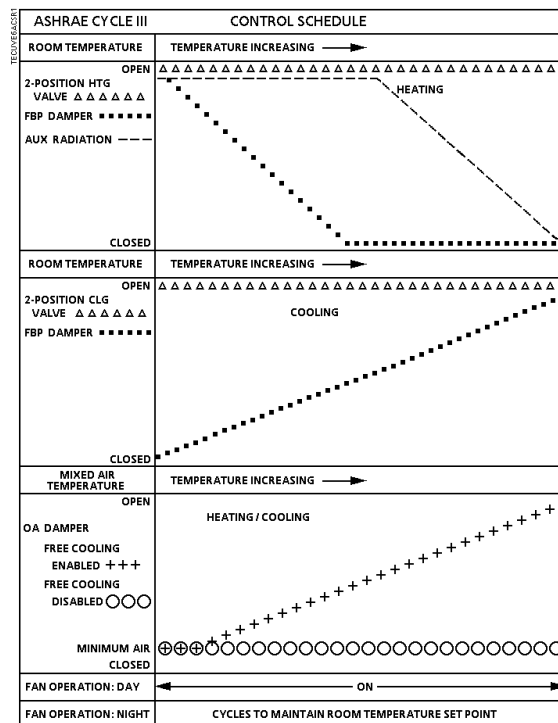


Figure 2283-8. Application 2283 Control Schedule.

Hardware Inputs

Analog

- Averaging air temperature sensor
- Room temperature sensor
- Room temperature setpoint dial (optional)

Digital

- Low Temperature Detection Thermostat (LTDT)
- Night mode override (optional)
- Wall switch (optional)

Hardware Outputs

The following is a list of devices that can be used by this application depending on your hardware configuration. See Table 2283-1.

Analog (0-10V)

- Cooling valve actuator
- Face-bypass damper actuator
- Heating valve actuator
- Outdoor air damper actuator

Digital

- Auxiliary radiation electric coil contact; or, auxiliary radiation 2-position valve actuator
- Unit fan
- 1st stage electric heat
- 2nd stage electric heat
- 3rd stage electric heat
- 2-position cooling valve actuator
- 2-position heating valve actuator

Ordering Notes

Unit Vent Controller – 0-10V Output (540-509)

See *APOGEE Automation Configuration and Sizing Guidelines* on InfoLink for product numbers.

Powers Averaging Air Temperature Sensor

Terminal Equipment Controller Room Temperature Sensor

Point Database

Table 2283-2 presents the point database information for Application 2283.

Sequence of Operation

The following paragraphs present the sequence of operation for Application 2283, “Heating and/or Chilled Water Cooling, ASHRAE Cycle III”.

Control Temperature Setpoints

Depending on the controller’s current operational mode (day or night), the control temperature setpoint, CTL STPT (Point 92) holds the value of one of the following setpoints:

Day Mode – In day mode, CTL STPT (Point 92) holds the value of DAY CLG STPT (Point 6) or DAY HTG STPT (Point 7). If the room temperature sensor has a setpoint dial and STPT DIAL (Point 14) is set to YES, CTL STPT holds the value of RM STPT DIAL (Point 13).

If the setpoint dial is used and the value of RM STPT DIAL (Point 13) is less than the value of RM STPT MIN (Point 11), CTL STPT (Point 92) holds the value of RM STPT MIN. If the value of RM STPT DIAL is greater than the value of RM STPT MAX (Point 12), CTL STPT holds the value of RM STPT MAX.

Night Mode – In night mode, CTL STPT (Point 92) holds the value of NGT CLG STPT (Point 8) or NGT HTG STPT (Point 9).

NOTE: The value of CTL TEMP (Point 78) is the same as the value of ROOM TEMP (Point 4), unless CTL TEMP is overridden.

Day and Night Modes

The day/night status of the space is determined by the status of DAY.NGT (Point 29). The control of this point differs depending on whether the controller is monitoring the status of a wall switch or if the controller is connected to a field panel.

When a wall switch is physically connected to the termination strip on the controller at DI 2 (Figure 2283-1 through Figure 2283-5 and Figure 2283-9 through Figure 2283-12), and WALL SWITCH (Point 18) = YES, the controller monitors the status of DI 2. When the status of DI 2 (Point 24) is ON (the switch is closed), DAY.NGT (Point 29) will be set to DAY indicating that the controller is in day mode. When the status of DI 2 is OFF (the switch is open), DAY.NGT will be set to NIGHT indicating that the controller is in night mode.

When WALL SWITCH (Point 18) = NO, the controller does not monitor the status of the wall switch, even if one is connected to it. In this case, if the controller is operating stand-alone, the controller stays in day mode all the time. If the controller is operating with centralized control (that is, it is connected to a field panel), the field panel can send an operator or PPCL command to override the status of DAY.NGT. See *Powers Process Control Language (PPCL) User's Manual* (125-1896) and *Field Panel User's Manual* (125-1895) for more information.

Night Mode Override Switch

If an override switch is present on the room temperature sensor and a value (in hours) other than zero has been entered into OVRD TIME (Point 20), pressing the override switch will reset the controller to day operational mode for the time period that is set in OVRD TIME. The status of NGT OVRD (Point 21) changes to DAY. After the override time elapses, the controller returns to night mode and the status of NGT OVRD changes back to NIGHT.

It is only when the controller is in night mode that the override switch on the room sensor will have any effect on the controller.

Valve Configuration

Definition of "2-pipe heat/cool":

- If the unit has one valve, controlling a coil that may have hot water or chilled water, depending on the season, 1 VLV HTGCLG (Point 16) is set to YES. This configuration is often referred to as "2-pipe heat/cool".
- If the unit has any other setup, 1 VLV HTGCLG (Point 16) is set to NO. This includes units which are heating or cooling only, units with a heating and a cooling coil (often referred to as "4-pipe"), units with electric heating, etc.

Day Heating Operation

In day heating operation, the controller maintains the room temperature at the value stored in CTL STPT (Point 92) by doing the following:

- Modulating the available coil control device based on the difference between the control temperature point, CTL TEMP (Point 78), and CTL STPT (Point 92). If CTL TEMP goes below CTL STPT, the heating valve actuator opens, the face-bypass damper opens, or the stages of electric heat energize. If CTL TEMP goes above CTL STPT, the reverse occurs.
- Controlling auxiliary radiation (if provided) using a pulse-width modulation algorithm. The auxiliary radiation will be on for a percentage of the time held in AUX HTG TIME (Point 57). The on-time is modulated in sequence with the coil control device. Auxiliary radiation is first ON and last OFF.
- Positioning the outdoor air damper as follows:
 - For ASHRAE Cycle III, when FREE CLG (Point 23) is enabled, the position of the outdoor air damper is based on the difference between the mixed air temperature point, MA TEMP (Point 15), and the mixed air temperature setpoint, MA STPT (Point 93). If the value of MA TEMP is below the value of MA STPT, the damper closes. The damper cannot close beyond the value of OADPR MINPOS (Point 10). When FREE CLG is disabled, the damper is held at the value of OADPR MINPOS.

Day Cooling Operation

In day cooling operation, the controller maintains the room temperature at the value stored in CTL STPT (Point 92) by doing the following:

- Modulating the available coil control device based on the difference between the control temperature point, CTL TEMP (Point 78), and CTL STPT (Point 92). If CTL TEMP goes above CTL STPT, the cooling valve actuator opens or the face-bypass damper opens. If CTL TEMP goes below CTL STPT, the reverse occurs.
- Positioning the outdoor air damper as follows:
 - For ASHRAE Cycle III, when FREE CLG (Point 23) is enabled, the position of the outdoor air damper is based on the difference between the mixed air temperature point, MA TEMP (Point 15), and the mixed air temperature setpoint, MA STPT (Point 93). If the value of MA TEMP is below the value of MA STPT, the damper closes. The damper cannot close beyond the value of OADPR MINPOS (Point 10). When FREE CLG is disabled, the damper is held at the value of OADPR MINPOS.

Night Heating Operation

The controller maintains the room temperature at the value stored in CTL STPT (Point 92) by doing the following:

- If CTL TEMP (Point 78) drops below the value of NGT HTG STPT (Point 9) minus the value of NGT DBAND (Point 88):
 - The fan turns ON
 - Heating turns ON
- If CTL TEMP (Point 78) rises above NGT HTG STPT (Point 9):
 - The fan turns OFF
 - Heating turns OFF

When the fan turns ON, the heating actuators and auxiliary radiation are opened. When the fan turns OFF, all heating and auxiliary radiation are closed. If electric heat is being controlled, the fan will remain ON for 30 seconds after the last stage of electric heat is turned OFF. If NGT HW HTG (Point 53) is set to YES, (for hot water coils), the heating actuator is kept open at all times during the night.

In night heating operation, the controller operates as follows:

- For units with hot water coils, NGT HW HTG (Point 53) must be set to YES, so that the valve will be positioned to full open.
- For units with steam or electric coils, NGT HW HTG (Point 53) must be set to NO, so that the coils can be cycled.
- The face-bypass damper is at full face when the fan is ON and full bypass when the fan is OFF and the 2-position heating valve actuator is open.
- The controller may switch to cooling mode when appropriate if NGT CLG MODE (Point 54) is set to YES.
- Heating only is provided when NGT CLG MODE (Point 54) is set to NO.

Night Cooling Operation

In night cooling operation, the controller maintains the room temperature at the value stored in CTL STPT (Point 92) by doing the following:

- For units with hot water coils, NGT HW HTG (Point 53) must be set to YES, so that the valve will be positioned to full open.
- For units with steam or electric coils, NGT HW HTG (Point 53) must be set to NO, so that the heating coils can be kept OFF.
- The face-bypass damper is at full face when the fan is ON and at full bypass when the fan is OFF and the 2-position cooling valve actuator is open.

In night cooling operation, the controller operates as follows:

- If CTL TEMP (Point 78) rises above the sum of NGT CLG STPT (Point 8) and NGT DBAND (Point 88):
 - The fan turns ON
 - Cooling turns ON
- If CTL TEMP (Point 78) drops below NGT CLG STPT (Point 8):
 - The fan turns OFF
 - Cooling turns OFF
- When NGT CLG MODE (Point 54) is set to NO, the unit will operate in night heating mode only.

Heating/Cooling Switchover

For 2-pipe heating/cooling units (1 VLV HTGCLG (Point 16) is set to YES), the switchover between heating and cooling must be controlled by the field panel which commands HEAT.COOL (Point 5).

For all other units (1 VLV HTGCLG (Point 16) is set to NO), the heating/cooling switchover is determined as follows:

If the following conditions are met for the length of time set in SWITCH TIME (Point 86), the controller switches from heating to cooling mode by setting HEAT.COOL (Point 5) to COOL:

- HTG LOOPOUT (Point 80) is below 50% if auxiliary radiation is not available, (AUX.NOAUX (Point 22) is set to NOAUX), or below SWITCH LIMIT (Point 85) if auxiliary radiation is available.
- CTL TEMP (Point 78) is greater than the sum of CTL STPT (Point 92) plus SWITCH DBAND (Point 90).
- CTL TEMP (Point 78) is greater than the appropriate cooling setpoint minus SWITCH DBAND.

If the following conditions are met for the length of time set in SWITCH TIME (Point 86), the controller switches from cooling to heating mode by setting HEAT.COOL (Point 5) to HEAT:

- CLG LOOPOUT (Point 79) is below SWITCH LIMIT (Point 85).
- CTL TEMP (Point 78) is less than CTL STPT (Point 92) minus SWITCH DBAND (Point 90).
- CTL TEMP (Point 78) is less than the appropriate heating setpoint plus SWITCH DBAND (Point 90).

If night cooling is not available, as indicated by NGT CLG MODE (Point 54), the controller remains in heating mode during the night.

Control Loops

The unit ventilator is controlled by three Proportional, Integral, and Derivative (PID) control loops: a heating loop, a cooling loop, and a mixed air loop.

Heating Loop – The heating loop uses the value of CTL STPT (Point 92) and CTL TEMP (Point 78) to modulate the value of HTG LOOPOUT (Point 80).

Cooling Loop – The cooling loop uses the value of CTL STPT (Point 92) and CTL TEMP (Point 78) to modulate the value of CLG LOOPOUT (Point 79).

Mixed Air Loop – The mixed air loop uses the values of MA STPT (Point 93) and MA TEMP (Point 15) to modulate the value of MA LOOPOUT (Point 77).

Morning Warm-up/Cool-down

Morning warm-up or cool-down occurs after the controller switches from night mode to day mode, upon power-up, or if the controller is reset. During morning warm-up or cool-down, the controller provides maximum heating or cooling with the outdoor air damper closed until the temperature of the space reaches the value of CTL STPT (Point 92) plus or minus the value of MORN DBAND (Point 89). In morning cool-down, if FREE CLG (Point 23) is set to ENABLE, the outdoor air damper is opened.

In heating mode, normal day heating operation begins when the temperature of the room reaches the value of CTL STPT (Point 92) minus MORN DBAND (Point 89).

In cooling mode, normal day cooling operation begins when the temperature of the room reaches the value of CTL STPT (Point 92) plus MORN DBAND (Point 89).

For example, in day heating mode, if CTL STPT (Point 92) is 72°F (22.2°C) and MORN DBAND (Point 89) is 3°F (1.6°C), normal day heating operation begins when the temperature of the room reaches 69°F (20.6°C).

ON/OFF Coil Valve Control

When a face-bypass configuration is used, the coils may be turned ON and OFF with 2-position valves using DOs. There are two conditions when this might occur:

1. In the case where a 4-pipe configuration is used with a face-bypass damper, the cooling valve actuator will be shut while in heating, and the heating valve actuator will be shut while in cooling. In this configuration, 2-position valves must be used to prevent both coils from being ON at the same time.

NOTE: In night cooling, if NGT HW HTG (Point 53) is set to YES, the heating coil is kept open.

2. When in heating or cooling, if the face-bypass damper is all the way closed (bypass) for more than two minutes, the active coil can be closed to conserve energy. This is an option which is performed when FBP.2PSVCTL (Point 28) is set to ENABLE. Otherwise, the valve is kept open when the damper is closed.

NOTE: In night cooling, if NGT HW HTG (Point 53) is set to YES, the heating coil is kept open.

When a 2-pipe heat/cool configuration is used (1 VLV HTGCLG (Point 16) is set to YES), with or without a face-bypass damper, NGT HW HTG (Point 53) should be set to YES. The 2-pipe heat/cool coil will then stay open during both night heating and night cooling.

Electric Heat

If electric heat is used, it is controlled as follows:

HTG OUTPUT (Point 60)	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
0% - 33%	ON	OFF	OFF
34% - 66%	ON	ON	OFF
67% - 100%	ON	ON	ON

In addition, no stage may turn ON or OFF until the number of seconds held in EHT STG DELY (Point 58) have elapsed since the last time any stage turned ON or OFF. Stage one will always be the first stage to turn ON and the last stage to turn OFF.

Fan Operation

In day mode, FAN (Point 50), is ON all of the time.

In night mode, the fan only operates when required for heating or cooling.

In night heating, the fan turns ON when the temperature drops below the value of CTL STPT (Point 92) minus NGT DBAND (Point 88). When the temperature rises above CTL STPT, the fan turns OFF. If any stage of electric heat is ON, the fan will be ON. The fan will remain ON for 30 seconds after the last stage of electric heat is turned OFF.

In night cooling, the fan turns ON when the temperature rises above the value of CTL STPT (Point 92) plus NGT DBAND (Point 88). When the temperature drops below CTL STPT, the fan turns OFF.

Fail-safe Operation

The Unit Vent Controller has a fail-safe operation that can be triggered by several occurrences.

A low temperature detection thermostat (LTDT) can be used to signal the controller when the temperature, sensed by the LTDT, is below the low temperature limit.

If the room temperature sensor input to the Unit Vent Controller fails or the LTDT equals ON, the controller goes through the following shutdown sequence:

- Outdoor air damper is closed.
- Heating is full ON (except electric which is OFF).
- Cooling is full OFF.
- Face-bypass damper is open to face.
- Fan is OFF.
- Auxiliary radiation is OFF.
- 2-position heating valve actuator is open.
- 2-position cooling valve actuator is closed.

NOTE: DO 2 (Point 42) will not be commanded by the fail-safe mode, all other DOs can be affected.

If the mixed air temperature sensor fails, the outdoor air damper is closed and the heating and cooling loops continue to control room temperature.

If a failed sensor returns or if the LTDT turns OFF, normal control resumes.

Analog and digital outputs cannot be commanded when the controller is in fail-safe mode, however, failed points may be overridden, allowing the controller to return from fail-safe mode. In this instance, room temperature control is not possible.

Application Notes

1. If the unit ventilator cycles excessively, if the temperature swings in the room are excessive or if there is trouble in maintaining the setpoint, either the cooling loop, the heating loop or both need to be tuned. See *APOGEE Automation Service Procedures* on InfoLink for more information.
2. The Unit Vent Controller – 0-10V Output, as shipped from the factory, keeps all associated equipment OFF. See the “Equipment Controllers” tab in *APOGEE Automation Start-up Procedures* on InfoLink for information on how to release the controller and its equipment to application control.
3. When the fan is manually switched OFF at the unit fan speed switch, the actuators should be wired so they return to their normal state.

Wiring Diagrams

Figure 2283-9 through Figure 2283-12 present the point wiring for Application 2283.

**CAUTION:**

The controller's DOs control 24 Vac loads only. The maximum rating is 12 VA for each DO. Use an interposing 220V 4-relay module for any of the following:

- VA requirements higher than the maximum
- 110 or 220 Vac requirements
- DC power requirements
- Separate transformers used to power the load

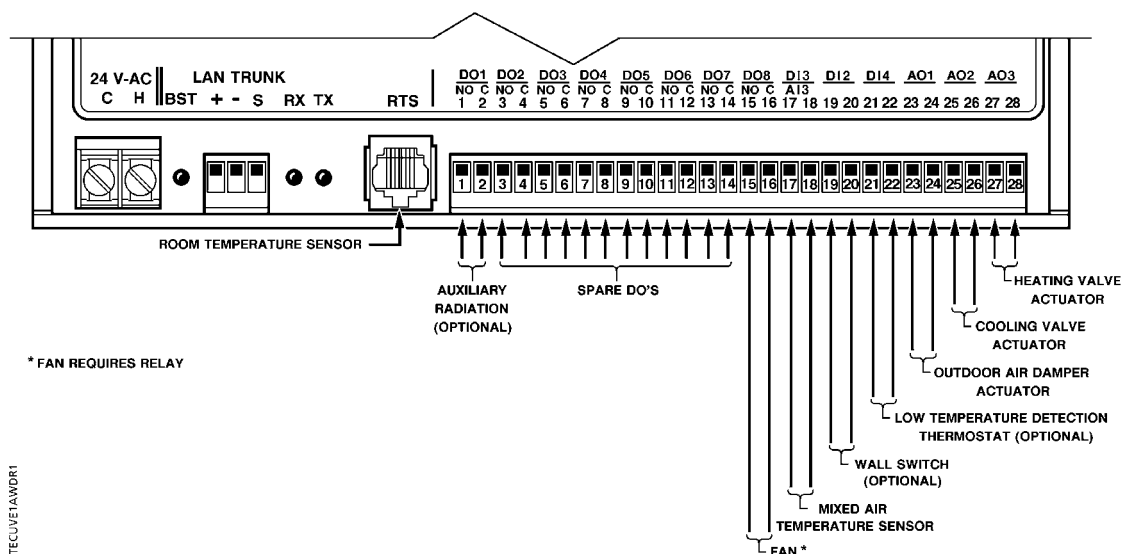


Figure 2283-9. Application 2283 Wiring Diagram.

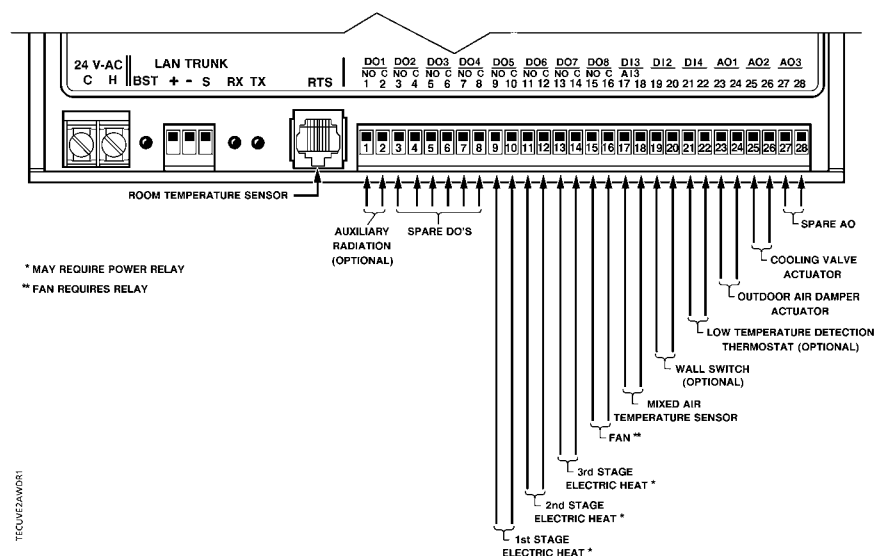


Figure 2283-10. Application 2283 Wiring Diagram.



CAUTION:

The controller's DOs control 24 Vac loads only. The maximum rating is 12 VA for each DO. Use an interposing 220V 4-relay module for any of the following:

- VA requirements higher than the maximum
- 110 or 220 Vac requirements
- DC power requirements
- Separate transformers used to power the load

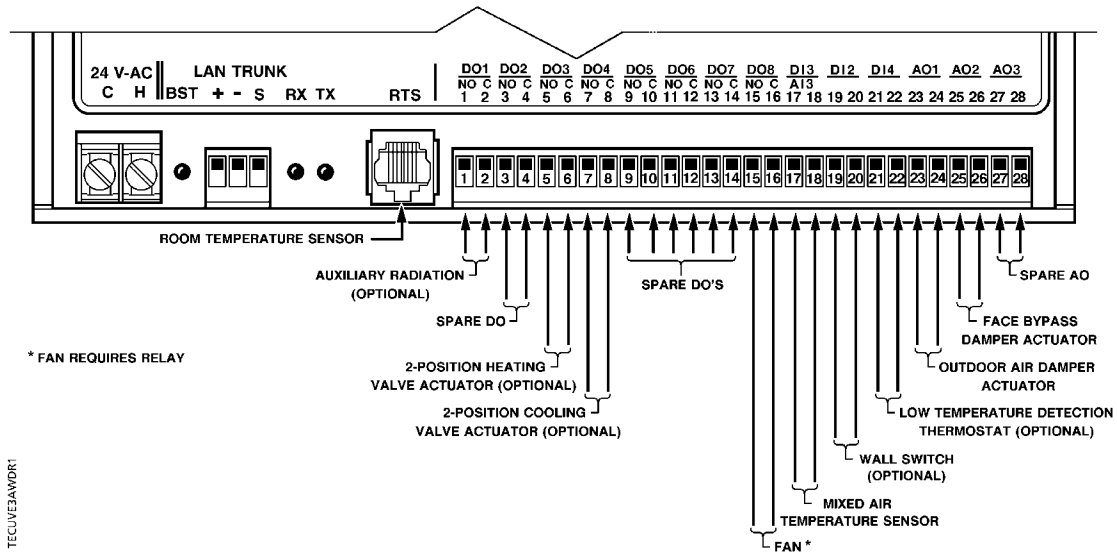


Figure 2283-11. Application 2283 Wiring Diagram.

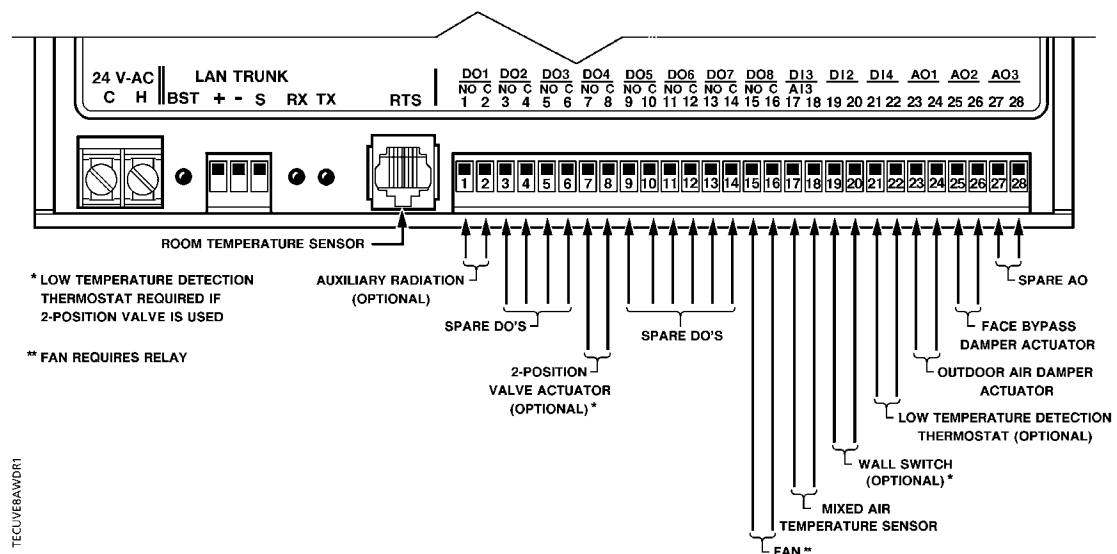


Figure 2283-12. Application 2283 Wiring Diagram.

Table 2283-2. Point Database for Application 2283.

Point Number	Descriptor	Factory Default (SI Units)	Engr. Units (SI Units)	Slope (SI Units)	Intercept (SI Units)	On Text	Off Text
01	CTLR ADDRESS	99	–	1	0	–	–
02	APPLICATION	2299	–	1	0	–	–
{04}	ROOM TEMP	74.00 (23.45)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
{05}	HEAT.COOL	COOL	–	1	0	HEAT	COOL
06	DAY CLG STPT	74.00 (23.45)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
07	DAY HTG STPT	70.00 (21.21)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
08	NGT CLG STPT	82.00 (27.93)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
09	NGT HTG STPT	65.00 (18.41)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
10	OADPR MINPOS	14.8	PCT	0.4	0	–	–
11	RM STPT MIN	55.00 (12.81)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
12	RM STPT MAX	90.00 (32.41)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
13	RM STPT DIAL	74.00 (23.45)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
14	STPT DIAL	NO	–	1	0	YES	NO
{15}	MA TEMP	74.00 (23.5)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.5 (0.28)	37.5 (3.06)	–	–
16	1 VLV HTGCLG	NO	–	1	0	YES	NO
17	FBP.MODVALVE	VALVE	–	1	0	FBP	VALVE
18	WALL SWITCH	NO	–	1	0	YES	NO
{19}	DI OVRD SW	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
20	OVRD TIME	1	HRS	1	0	–	–
{21}	NGT OVRD	NIGHT	–	1	0	NIGHT	DAY
22	AUX.NOAUX	NOAUX	–	1	0	AUX	NOAUX
{23}	FREE CLG	DISABL	–	1	0	ENABLE	DISABL
{24}	DI 2	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{25}	DI 3	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF

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3. Point numbers that appear in brackets { } may be unbundled at the field panel.

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Table 2283-2. Point Database for Application 2283.

Point Number	Descriptor	Factory Default (SI Units)	Engr. Units (SI Units)	Slope (SI Units)	Intercept (SI Units)	On Text	Off Text
{26}	LOW TEMP DET	ON	–	1	0	OFF	ON
27	ELEC.NOELEC	NOELEC	–	1	0	ELEC	NOELEC
28	FBP.2PSVCTL	DISABL	–	1	0	ENABLE	DISABL
{29}	DAY.NGT	DAY	–	1	0	NIGHT	DAY
{30}	WRMUP.COOLDN	ON	–	1	0	ON	OFF
31	AOV1 SPAN	10	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
32	AOV1 START	0	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
33	AOV2 SPAN	10	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
34	AOV2 START	0	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
35	AOV3 SPAN	10	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
36	AOV3 START	0	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
37	AO DIR.REV	0	–	1	0	–	–
{38}	AOV1	0	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
{39}	AOV2	0	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
{40}	AOV3	0	VOLTS	0.01	0	–	–
{41}	AUX RAD	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{42}	DO 2	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{43}	HTG 2POS VLV	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{44}	CLG 2POS VLV	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{45}	EHEAT 1	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{46}	EHEAT 2	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{47}	EHEAT 3	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
{50}	FAN	OFF	–	1	0	ON	OFF
53	NGT HW HTG	YES	–	1	0	YES	NO
54	NGT CLG MODE	NO	–	1	0	YES	NO
{55}	AUX OUTPUT	0	PCT	0.4	0	–	–
57	AUX HTG TIME	10	MIN	1	0	–	–
58	EHT STG DELY	30	SEC	1	0	–	–
59	DO DIR.REV	0	–	1	0	–	–
{60}	HTG OUTPUT	0	PCT	0.4	0	–	–

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Table 2283-2. Point Database for Application 2283.

Point Number	Descriptor	Factory Default (SI Units)	Engr. Units (SI Units)	Slope (SI Units)	Intercept (SI Units)	On Text	Off Text
<i>continued on the next page...</i>							
{61}	CLG OUTPUT	0	PCT	0.4	0	–	–
{62}	OA DMPR POS	0	PCT	0.4	0	–	–
63	CLG P GAIN	1.6 (2.88)	–	0.2 (0.36)	0	–	–
64	CLG I GAIN	0.05 (0.09)	–	0.0005 (0.0009)	0	–	–
65	CLG D GAIN	10 (18)	–	2 (3.6)	0	–	–
66	CLG BIAS	50.00	PCT	0.2	0	–	–
67	HTG P GAIN	0.4 (0.72)	–	0.05 (0.09)	0	–	–
68	HTG I GAIN	0.015 (0.027)	–	0.0002 (0.00036)	0	–	–
69	HTG D GAIN	5 (9)	–	1 (1.8)	0	–	–
70	HTG BIAS	50.00	PCT	0.2	0	–	–
{77}	MA LOOPOUT	0	PCT	0.2	0	–	–
{78}	CTL TEMP	74.00 (23.45)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
{79}	CLG LOOPOUT	0.00	PCT	0.2	0	–	–
{80}	HTG LOOPOUT	0.00	PCT	0.2	0	–	–
{81}	MA P GAIN	0.2 (0.36)	–	0.02 (0.036)	0	–	–
{82}	MA I GAIN	0.00054 (0.000972)	–	0.00009 (0.000162)	0	–	–
{83}	MA D GAIN	24 (43.2)	–	1 (1.8)	0	–	–
{84}	MA BIAS	0	PCT	0.2	0	–	–
85	SWITCH LIMIT	4.8	PCT	0.4	0	–	–
86	SWITCH TIME	10	MIN	1	0	–	–
88	NGT DBAND	3 (1.68)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	0	–	–
89	MORN DBAND	2 (1.12)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	0	–	–

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3. Point numbers that appear in brackets { } may be unbundled at the field panel.

Table 2283-2. Point Database for Application 2283.

Point Number	Descriptor	Factory Default (SI Units)	Engr. Units (SI Units)	Slope (SI Units)	Intercept (SI Units)	On Text	Off Text
90	SWITCH DBAND	2 (1.12)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	0	–	–
{92}	CTL STPT	74.00 (23.45)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.25 (0.14)	48.00 (8.89)	–	–
{93}	MA STPT	74.00 (23.5)	DEG F (DEG C)	0.5 (0.28)	37.5 (3.06)	–	–
98	LOOP TIME	5	SEC	1	0	–	–
{99}	ERROR STATUS	0	–	1	0	–	–

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1. Points not listed are not used in this application.
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